

Crossroad

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Along the Bluebird trail in Brown Summit

By Ivey Rutledge Features Correspondent

When we drove down the driveway at the home of Susan and David Millikan in Browns Summit, the llamas next door came to greet us, posing for photos and looking curious. It was a sunny Friday afternoon, and my children and I were coming to walk the bluebird trail as part of a group project designed to support the nesting habits of the local Bluebird population. By monitoring the Bluebird nesting boxes to make See BLUEBIRDS page 8



Susan Milliken insepcting Blue bird boxes Photography by Robert Thomason

Crossroads Journal

Bluebird Trail Project in Brown Summit

BLUEBIRD from page 1 re they are clean and available r them to build nests and lay gs, we are all helping to rease the population of bue-rease the population of bue-reds in our wildlife community. Five specially designed uebird houses are placed in ategic locations throughout e Millikan's property, com-suffiliation's property, com-

or one. Participants in the blue-red project walk the trail, visit-ing each house and writing

English Sparrows introduced into North American abilitats have become aggressive enemies of Bluebirds. The Bluebird Trail project was lesigned to lower the population of Sparrows and increase he population of Bluebirds by meaning more breeding success or Bluebirds. According to Sarbara Haralson, who helped et up the Millikans' trail in 1998, the population of English Sparrows in the area had driven way the Bluebirds. In the first wo years of monitoring, over 0 nests were removed, and by he third year the Bluebird years that these statistics drive one the importance of monitoring. An unmonitored area can assily become home to too may from the meaning the statistics drive on the proposed of the



tending to them, wary of our approach. Before opening the box, I looked at the notes. The notes for Box Three begin in March, when the box was empty. On April 9th, the notes say, "We saw a nest in the cup, but the cup was tipped. We left it alone." Then, the same observation is noted on the 10th. Big news noted on April 14th: A Bluebird flew out of the box as we approached, and we saw four eggs in the nest." Then, on the 18th of April, five eggs are noted and watched until April 28th, when the first Bluebird babies of the season were seen and described: "We see at least three babies in the nest. Their eyes are closed and one has opened its mouth to yawn."

Excited to see the birds for ourselves, we maintained a quiet demeanor as we each took a turn stepping onto a small stepladder and peering inside house number three. Inside the nest, built in a tipped over cup, was a pile of thin-skinned baby bluebirds. One opened its mouth in anticipation, but alas, the food wasn't forthcoming. The mother and father made their presence known, chatting from up on the power lines overhead, where they typically watch our visits. We packed up our equipment and carried it across the field, watched with relief by the protective parents

across the neid, watched with relief by the protective parents and followed by the friendly donkeys that share the pasture with the bluebirds and other

The Bluebird Trail project was started by the National Bluebird Society in reaction to a stunning decline in national Bluebird Society in reaction to a stunning decline in antional Bluebird populations. The NBS collects results from individual trails and collates the statistics, tracking the Bluebird population counts. Since the beginning of the Trail incentive in 1978, numbers have dramatically increased. This bluebird trail was set up for the Millikans in 1998 by a Girl Scout troop who purchased and sited the boxes, earning a Silver Award for the project. Each year the boxes may get moved to more favorable locations, and each year more folks get involved in this fin and educational project. This year the project is being done by Brownie Girl Scout Troop 351, a group of home-schooled girls who are coming out to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle was a support of the process the same project is being done by the source of the same project is supported by Brownie Girl Scout Troop 351, a group of home-schooled girls who are coming out to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the project have project in heave and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes. The circle have enjoyed to the farm with their parents and siblings to monitor the boxes.

comparing the data to the Bluebird timetables that are provided to add background knowledge to the experience. According to Rives Howard, daughter of the Millikans, "I love the fact that that my kids are able to learn about bluebirds and enjoy the properse that they are making and see the miracle of life up close." Once these babies fledge, the houses will be prepared for another brood and the eyele will continue. The Millikans have had success with their bluebird trail, averaging 20 fledgings per year. The data that they send to the National Bluebird Society is helpful to obtain trends on the breeding success of Bluebirds in the area.

After making the rounds of all the houses, we packed up, returned the notebook to its storage place, and waved good-bye to the llamas. The kids' enthusiasm bubbled over and we talked for miles about the birds and their future, about the llamas, the donkeys, the discovery of a dead feld mouse, the

birds and their future, about the llamas, the donkeys, the discov-ery of a dead field mouse, the butterflies, and it seems that we've learned about more than just bluebirds, we've connected ourselves to the life cycle.